



Delhi Public School, Howrah

FINAL EXAMINATION (2024-2025)

Class- IX

Care must be taken not to write anything on the question paper. All the questions must be attempted in the correct sequence.

SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE (CODE- 087)

Time: - 3 Hours



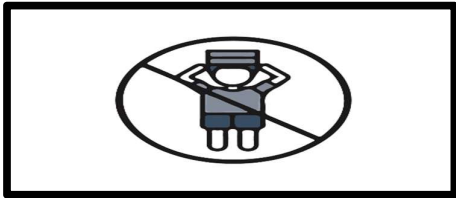
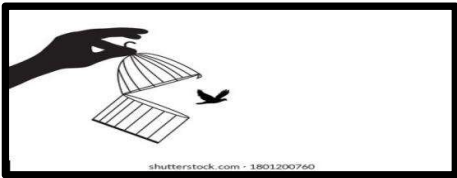
F.M.80

General Instructions:

1. The question paper comprises Six Sections – A, B, C, D, E and F. There are 37 questions in the Question paper. All questions are compulsory.
2. **Section A** – From questions 1 to 20 are MCQs of 1 mark each.
3. **Section B** – Question no. 21 to 24 are Very Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 2 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 40 words.
4. **Section C** – Question no.25 to Question no.29 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 60 words
5. **Section D** – Question no. 30 to 33 are long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 120 words.
6. **Section-E** – Questions no from 34 to 36 are case based questions with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 100 words.
7. **Section F** – Question no. 37 is map based, carrying 5 marks with two parts, 37a from History (2 marks) and 37b from Geography (3 marks).
8. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.
9. In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary.
10. **Note:** CBQ stands for “**Competency Based Question**”. **50% weightage allocated for competency-based questions.**

SECTION A		
MCQs (1x20=20)		
1	Statement I: The National Food Security Act (NFSA) aims to provide food security to all people in India. Statement II: The NFSA entitles poor households to receive 5 kg of food grains per person per month at subsidized prices under the PDS. Choose the correct option from the options given below: A. Statement I is true and II is false B. Statement II is true and I is false C. Both the statements are true D. Both the statements are false	1
2	Uneven spatial distribution of population in India suggests a close relationship between population and physical, socioeconomic and historical factors. Why is it important to know how many people are there in a country, where do they live, how and why their numbers are increasing and what are their characteristics? A. Population is the pivotal element in social studies B. To exploit the natural resources of the country C. Human beings are producers and consumers of resources D. All of the above are correct	1

3	<p>Read the following statements Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Choose one of correct alternatives given below:</p> <p>Assertion (A): The quality of population in a country is a crucial determinant of economic development.</p> <p>Reason (R): A large population can be a burden on the economy, and only a small population can lead to economic growth.</p> <p>Alternatives :</p> <p>A. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)</p> <p>B. Both (A) and (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A)</p> <p>C. (A) is true but (R) is false.</p> <p>D. (A) is false but (R) is true.</p>	1										
4	<p>Which of the following is a major concern of study about the population of a country?</p> <p>(i) Population size and distribution</p> <p>(ii) Population growth and processes of population change</p> <p>(iii) Characteristics or qualities of the population</p> <p>Options:</p> <p>A. Both (i) and (ii) are incorrect</p> <p>B. (i) ,(ii) and (iii) are correct</p> <p>C. Only (ii) is correct</p> <p>D. (i) and (iii) are correct.</p>	1										
5	<p>Why is Mexico not regarded as a democracy despite holding regular elections?</p> <p>A. Because it is a monarchy.</p> <p>B. Because it is under military rule.</p> <p>C. Because it is a communist country.</p> <p>D. Because people cannot remove the existing rulers.</p>	1										
6	<p>Given below are two statements:</p> <p>Statement I: The political system before India's independence had no trace of representation of people.</p> <p>Statement II: The Indian Constitution borrowed many institutional procedures and details from colonial laws.</p> <p>In the light of above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:</p> <p>A. Both statement I and Statement II are true.</p> <p>B. Both statement I and Statement II are false.</p> <p>C. Statement I is true, but Statement II is false.</p> <p>D. Statement I is false, but Statement II is true.</p>	1										
7	<p>Match the items of Column I with those in Column II.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Column I</th> <th>Column II</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>a. Haryana government in 1982.</td> <td>i. For schedule tribe.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>b. Chaudhary Devi Lal.</td> <td>ii. 18 years.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>c. 47 Reserved seats.</td> <td>iii. Congress-led.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>d. Minimum age of voters.</td> <td>iv. Lok Dal</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>A. a-ii, b-iv, c-i, d-iii.</p> <p>B. a-iii, b-iv, c-i, d-ii.</p> <p>C. a-iv, b-i, c-ii, d-iii.</p> <p>D. a-i, b-ii, c-iii, d-iv.</p>	Column I	Column II	a. Haryana government in 1982.	i. For schedule tribe.	b. Chaudhary Devi Lal.	ii. 18 years.	c. 47 Reserved seats.	iii. Congress-led.	d. Minimum age of voters.	iv. Lok Dal	1
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8	<p>Which organization is responsible for maintaining buffer stock of food grains in India?</p> <p>A. Food Corporation of India (FCI)</p> <p>B. World Trade Organization (WTO)</p> <p>C. National Food Security Act (NFSA)</p>	1										


	D. Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR)	
9	<p>In the following question, a statement of Assertion (A) is followed by a statement of Reason(R). Choose the appropriate answer from the options given below as the correct answer.</p> <p>Assertion (A): The Parliament is the supreme law-making body in India.</p> <p>Reason (R): The judiciary can strike down laws passed by Parliament if they violate the Constitution.</p> <p>A. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. B. Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. C. A is true, but R is false. D. A is false, but R is true.</p>	1
10	<p>Identify the pastoralist group from the options given below based on the following statements:</p> <p>I. They are the cattle herders who lost vast tracks of grazing land due to British colonial rule. II. Most of their grazing lands are turned into game reserves and national parks. III. The young men of this pastoral community had been traditionally involved in defending their cattle during raids and protecting their tribe.</p> <p>A. Maasai B. Somali C. Bedouins D. Boran</p>	1
11	<p>Arrange these constitutional provisions related to democratic rights in India in the order they were enacted or applied and choose the correct option.</p> <p>(I) Fundamental Rights in the Indian Constitution (II) Right to Education Act (2009). (III) Right to Information Act (2005) (IV) 44th Amendment abolishing the Right to Property as a Fundamental Right</p> <p>Options:</p> <p>A. (I), (II), (III), (IV). B. (II), (III), (IV), (I). C. (I), (IV), (III), (II). D. (III), (IV), (II), (I).</p>	1
12	<p>Which of the following images is the best description of Right Against Exploitation?</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>(a)</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>(b)</p> </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>(c)</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>(d)</p> </div> </div>	1
13	<p>Which of the following is an example of investment in human capital?</p> <p>A. Building a new shopping mall B. Constructing a highway C. Providing free healthcare services D. Extracting oil from a natural reserve</p>	1

14	<p>What does the term "vulnerable groups" refer to?</p> <p>A. Groups of people who are at risk of falling into poverty.</p> <p>B. Groups of people who are responsible for causing poverty.</p> <p>C. Groups of people who are unaffected by poverty.</p> <p>D. Groups of people who are wealthy and privileged.</p>	1
15	<p>Choose the correctly matched pair in the context of Nazism in Germany from the options given below:</p> <p>I. Dawes Plan- Russian economic Plan</p> <p>II. Enabling Act- Act for establishing Dictatorship in Germany by sidelining the Republican Government.</p> <p>III. Nuremberg Law- Law for political reconstruction of Germany after WW1.</p> <p>IV. Gestapo- Secret State Police assigned by Hitler to manage the Nazi State.</p> <p>A. I and II</p> <p>B. II and III</p> <p>C. II and IV</p> <p>D. Only II</p>	1
16	<p>In the following question, a statement of Assertion (A) is followed by a statement of Reason(R). Assertion (A): The Western Ghats and the Eastern Ghats mark the Western and Eastern edges of the Deccan Plateau respectively. Reason (R): The Western Ghats are higher than the eastern Ghats Both.</p> <p>A. (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).</p> <p>B. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).</p> <p>C. is correct but (R) is wrong.</p> <p>D. (A) is wrong but (R) is correct.</p>	1
17	<p>In the following question, a statement of Assertion (A) is followed by a statement of Reason(R). Choose the appropriate answer from the options given below as the correct answer.</p> <p>Assertion (A): In a democracy, the majority always rules.</p> <p>Reason (R): Democracy functions on the principle of accommodation and respect for minority views.</p> <p>A. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>B. Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>C. A is true, but R is false.</p> <p>D. A is false, but R is true.</p>	1
18	<p>The French Revolution saw the introduction of the Constitution in 1791. This was not a perfect Constitution and many segments of the society had grievances with it. Why were women unhappy with this constitution?</p> <p>A. They were categorized as passive citizens</p> <p>B. They were assigned within the highest taxpaying bracket.</p> <p>C. They were not considered citizens at all</p> <p>D. They already had political and economic rights.</p>	1
19	<p>Which of the following is NOT a function of the Parliament?</p> <p>A. Approving the budget.</p> <p>B. Amending the Constitution.</p> <p>C. Implementing laws.</p> <p>D. Debating national issues.</p>	1
20	<p>In the following question, a statement of Assertion (A) is followed by a statement of Reason(R). Choose the appropriate answer from the options given below as the correct answer.</p> <p>Assertion (A): The British officials classified the traders, pastoralists and craftsmen as criminals by birth and nature.</p> <p>Reason (R): The colonial government were suspicious of the nomadic people and wanted them to settle down in villages so that they could be easily controlled.</p> <p>A. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>B. Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>C. A is true, but R is false.</p> <p>D. A is false, but R is true.</p>	1

SECTION B

VERY SHORT ANSWER QUESTION (2x4=8)

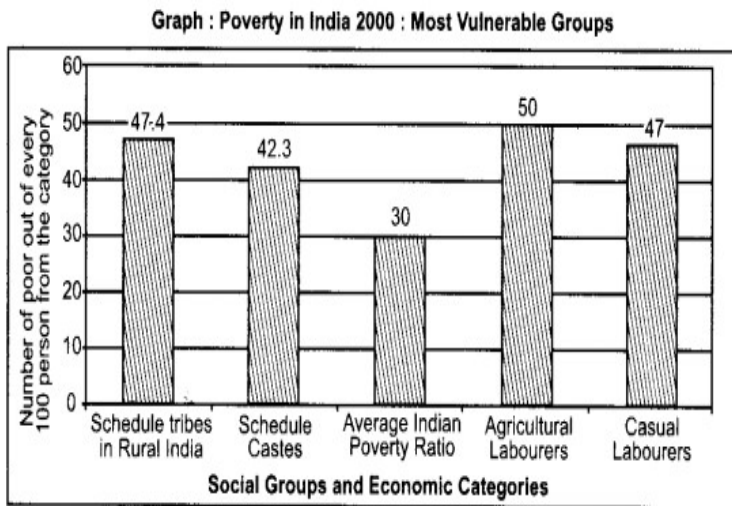
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|-----------|--|----------|
| 21 | Why does the Preamble describe the "people of India" as the source of the Constitution? | 2 |
| 22 | Annette was reading about Karl Marx and his theories about socialism, to complete her research work. How would she explain the contribution of Marx in the rise of socialism? | 2 |
| 23 | India is a vast country. Lying entirely in the Northern hemisphere the main land extends between latitudes 8°4'N and 37°6'N and longitudes 68°7'E and 97°25'E. The Tropic of Cancer (23° 30'N) divides the country into almost two equal parts.
Why is time along the Standard Meridian of India passing through Mirzapur taken as the standard time? | 2 |

24		<p>Interpret the picture and explain the duties of the President.</p>	2
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SECTION C

SHORT ANSWER-BASED QUESTIONS (3 x5=15)

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|-----------|--|----------|
| 25 | “Employment structure is characterised by self-employment in the primary sector.” Justify. | 3 |
| 26 | Study the given bar graph carefully, and answer the following questions: | 3 |



Source : Reports on Employment and Unemployment among Social Groups in India NSSO, Ministry of Statistics, Programme Implementation, Govt. of India

- (i) How do you explain vulnerability to poverty from the data given below?
- (ii) Which organisation carries out survey for determining the poverty line?
- (iii) Do you think social exclusion is a contributing factor to vulnerability to poverty? Justify.

- | | | |
|-----------|--|----------|
| 27 | ‘In India, the Northern mountains are the major sources of water and forest wealth. What negative effects can result from uncontrolled exploitation of water and forest resources of the mountains?’ | 3 |
|-----------|--|----------|

28	A. Why do election campaigns need regulations? OR B. What are the demerits of an election competition?	3
29	'Political clubs became an important rallying point for people of France. The most successful of these clubs was that of the Jacobins. Discuss the role of the Jacobins in making France a Republic.	3
SECTION D		
LONG ANSWER-BASED QUESTIONS (5x4=20)		
30	A. Differentiate between the salient features of Indus Basin and Ganga basin . OR B. 'Rivers have been of fundamental importance throughout human history' How do rivers affect economy of a country?	5
31	A. Do you believe that the green revolution has made India self-sufficient in food grains? If yes, how? If no, why? OR B. How does MSP affect the economy of India? Critically evaluate the consequences of increasing MSP.	5
32	A. Dr. Ambedkar referred to the Right to Constitutional Remedies as "the heart and soul" of the Indian Constitution". Elucidate. OR B. "Right to Freedom" is the most important Fundamental right. Analyse this statement.	5
33	A. The crimes that Nazis committed were linked to a system of belief and a set of practices. In this context analyse the Nazi Ideology and Hitler's worldview to establish a dictatorial state. OR B. In 1933 Hitler said: 'In my state the mother is the most important citizen.' Justify the statement in the light of Nazi cult of motherhood under Hitler.	5
SECTION E		
CASE-BASED QUESTIONS (4 x3=12)		
34	Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow: The period of the early Planned Economy was linked to the disasters of the collectivisation of agriculture. By 1927- 1928, the towns in Soviet Russia were facing an acute problem of grain supplies. The government fixed prices at which grain must be sold, but the peasants refused to sell their grain to government buyers at these prices. Stalin, who headed the party after the death of Lenin, introduced firm emergency measures. He believed that rich peasants and traders in the countryside were holding stocks in the hope of higher prices. Speculation had to be stopped and supplies confiscated. a. What changes were introduced in Russian economy during the early years of Planned economy? b. How did Stalin's emergency measures impact the economy in the 1930's?	4 2 2
35	Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow: The monsoon type of climate is characterized by a distinct seasonal pattern. The weather conditions greatly change from one season to the other. These changes are particularly noticeable in the interior parts of the country. The coastal areas do not experience much variation in temperature though there is variation in rainfall pattern. How many seasons are experienced in your place? Four main seasons can be identified in India – the cold weather season, the hot weather season, advancing monsoon and the retreating monsoon with some regional variations. a. How differential heating and cooling of land and water help in understanding mechanism of monsoon? b. Name the two branches of South-West Monsoons of India. c. Why winters in India experience dry season?	(4) 2 1 1

36 Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:
 Poverty is often defined by assessing income. But guest bloggers Sam Jones and Inge Tvedten say that using a wider lens can help to understand the social and political mechanisms that help to create and reproduce poverty. What does it mean to be poor? On the face of it, this may not sound like a very difficult question. In developed countries, almost all official and everyday definitions refer to poverty in income terms. In this sense, low consumption power (income) and poverty are essentially synonymous.
 Outside of developed countries, a similar view of poverty frequently gets headlines. In its global comparisons, the World Bank has adopted the (in) famous poverty line of US\$1.90 a day. So, people with daily real incomes below this amount form part of the global poor – thankfully, now a diminishing group.
 One might dispute exactly how and where such a poverty line should be set. But the idea that being poor means not having an adequate income often seems uncontroversial.
 Of course, among academics things are rarely so settled. Between economists, there is disagreement about whether poverty should be measured only in monetary terms. In other areas of social science, there is a tradition of skepticism that suggests standard quantitative definitions of poverty can be misleading.

by DH Penny · 1972

a. Who are the poorest of the poor?
 b. What is poverty line?
 c. State any four targeted anti-poverty programmes undertaken by the government.

1
1
2

SECTION F

PICTURE BASED/MAPSKILL-BASED QUESTIONS (2+3=5)

37 Identify and name the following items marked on the outline map of the world.

2



- A. The country that was humiliated by the terms of the Versailles Treaty after World War 1:
- B. The country whose army dropped atomic bombs in 1945 on the cities of Hiroshima and Nagasaki:

37.b On the given political map of India, name and identify the following: (ANY – 3)

- A. Bird sanctuary in Karnataka .-
- B. The state having common land and sea boundary with Pakistan-
- C. Southernmost point of mainland of India.-
- D. A river that rises in Betul district of Madhya Pradesh-