



Delhi Public School, Howrah

FINAL EXAMINATION (2024-2025)

Class-XI

Care must be taken not to write anything on the question paper. All the questions must be attempted in the correct sequence.

SUBJECT: LEGAL STUDIES (CODE- 074)

TIME ALLOTTED- 3 HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS-80

General Instructions:

- The question paper contains **four** sections - A, B, C and D
 - Section A – Q. 1- Q. 20-Multiple choice questions
 - Section B – Q.21- Q. 28- 2 marks each. The answers should not exceed 40 words each.
 - Section C – Q. 29-Q. 36- 3 marks each. The answers should not exceed 100 words each.
 - Section D –Q. 37- Q.40- 5 marks each. The answers should not exceed 140 words each.
- Internal Choice is given in the Paper. There is no overall choice.

Q. NO.	SECTION A	
1	Child labour refers to the employment of children in work that is detrimental to their well-being. In India, what is the focus of the legal framework addressing child labour? a) Setting up of Juvenile home b) Social welfare benefits c) Rehabilitation and education d) Parental supervision	1
2	Assertion (A): Dictatorial form of government is the rule of a single person or a determined set of individuals. Reason (R): Dictatorship offers a strong government which establishes an efficient administration. In view of the above statements find the correct options. a) Both A and R are correct and R is correct explanation of A. b) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A. c) A is true but R is false. d) A is false but R is true.	1
3	Damini is too much scared of her husband who most often beats her for smaller mistakes and non-fulfillment of dowry demands. She wants to lodge a formal complaint against her husband. Which section of the Indian Penal Code deals with the cases related to domestic violence? a) 490 b) 490 A c) 488 d) 498 A	1
4	Assertion (A): Kesavananda Bharti case provided the doctrine of basic structure of Indian Constitution. Reason (R): There is no restriction on the amending power of parliament as far as the amendment of Indian Constitution is concerned. In view of the above statements find the correct options. a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. b) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A. c) A is true but R is false. d) A is false but R is true.	1

5	<p>Jina's parents died in a car accident. As Jina is minor, the court appointed Jina's uncle as her guardian under the Guardian and Wards Act, 1890. Jina's uncle is a-</p> <p>a) De facto guardian. b) Testamentary guardian. c) Natural guardian. d) Certificated guardian.</p>	1
6	<p>Which of the following is an order issued by the court to prevent a person from holding office to which he is not entitled and to oust him from that office?</p> <p>a) Habeas Corpus b) Quo Warranto c) Certiorary d) Mandamus</p>	1
7	<p>Consider the following statements related to Criminal Law and identify the correct option.</p> <p>Statement I: Criminal law generally deals with acts, which are prohibited by law, and defines the prohibited act as an offence.</p> <p>Statement II: It is considered a part of public law, as crime is not only against the individual but also against the whole society.</p> <p>a) Both I and II are true b) Both I and II are false c) I is true but II is false d) I is false but II is true</p>	1
8	<p>Assertion (A): The theory of separation of powers finds its best expression in the United States of America.</p> <p>Reason(R): It gave smaller slices of power to each organs of the government to avoid concentration and consequent abuse of power.</p> <p>In view of the above statements find the correct options.</p> <p>a) Both A and R are correct and R is correct explanation of A. b) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A. c) A is true but R is false. d) A is false but R is true.</p>	1
9	<p>Under which article of the Indian Constitution, emergency can be declared during a perceived threat to the sovereignty, integrity or security of India, such as war or external aggression?</p> <p>a) Article 352 b) Article 356 c) Article 360 d) Article 370</p>	1
10	<p>In which of the following landmark case, it was held that, there is separation of powers in a broad sense only, there is no rigid separation of powers in India like the USA?</p> <p>a) State of Bihar Vs. Bal Mukund Shah b) Indira Nehru Gandhi Vs. Raj Narain c) M.C. Mehta Vs. Union Of India d) Maneka Gandhi Vs. Union of India</p>	1
11	<p>Assertion (A): Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act adopts a comprehensive definition of domestic violence only including physical abuse.</p> <p>Reason (R): The definition of domestic violence is provided in Section 3 of the Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act.</p> <p>In view of the above statements find the correct options.</p> <p>a) Both A and R are correct and R is correct explanation of A. b) Both A and R are true but R is not correct explanation of A. c) A is true but R is false d) A is false but R is true</p>	1

12	<p>i) The Prohibition of Child Marriage Act. ii) Protection of Women against Domestic Violence Act. iii) Consumer Protection (Amendment) Act. iv) Information Technology Act.</p> <p>Arrange the given acts in chronological order on the basis of their enactment year and find the correct option from the following-</p> <p>a) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i) b) (iv) (ii) (i) (iii) c) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv) d) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii)</p>	1										
13	<p>Which of the following provisions of the Indian Constitution is not based on the 'equality principle?'</p> <p>a) Abolition of untouchability b) Equality of opportunity in matters of public or state employment c) Prohibiting state from discriminating against anyone based on grounds of religion, race, caste or place of birth d) Prohibiting human trafficking, beggary and forced labour</p>	1										
14	<p>According to this doctrine, if a person is tried or convicted of an offence he/she cannot be tried for the same offence or on the same facts for any other offence. Which doctrine is mentioned here?</p> <p>a) Doctrine of autrefois acquit b) Doctrine of autrefois convict c) Doctrine of criminal liability d) Doctrine of res judicata</p>	1										
15	<p>Match the following features of the Constitution of India in Column A with the countries from where they have borrowed in column B.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>COLUMN A</th> <th>COLUMN B</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1. Senate</td> <td>A. Deputy Chairperson of Rajya Sabha</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2. House of Nation</td> <td>B. Bi-cameral legislature</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3. Maharashtra</td> <td>C. Upper house of U.S. Congress</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4. Vice President</td> <td>D. Legislative body in Bangladesh</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>a) 1-D, 2-C, 3-A, 4-B b) 1-D, 2-B,3-A,4-C c) 1-C, 2-D,3-B,4-A d) 1-A,2-B,3-C,4-D</p>	COLUMN A	COLUMN B	1. Senate	A. Deputy Chairperson of Rajya Sabha	2. House of Nation	B. Bi-cameral legislature	3. Maharashtra	C. Upper house of U.S. Congress	4. Vice President	D. Legislative body in Bangladesh	1
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16	<p>Which of the following matters does Article 16 of the Constitution of India deal with?</p> <p>a) There shall be equality of status for all citizens in terms of cast and religion. b) There shall be equality of opportunity for all citizens in matters relating to employment or appointment to any office under the state. c) There shall be gender equality among men and women in the society. d) There shall be equality of opportunity in educational institutions.</p>	1										
17	<p>Assertion (A): Government of India Act, 1919 introduced a Bicameral Legislature. Reason (R): It is the function of the court to uphold the rule of law in the country and to safeguard civil and political rights.</p> <p>In view of the above statements find the correct options.</p> <p>a) Both A and R are True and R is the valid reason for A. b) Both A and R are True but R is not the valid reason for A. c) A is True but R is False. d) A is False but R is True.</p>	1										
18	<p>Consider the following statements related to Judicial Magistrate and identify the correct option.</p> <p>Statement I. The court at the lowest level is called Judicial Magistrate of the First Class. Statement II. The Sessions Judge can impose any punishment authorized by law but the sentence of death passed by him should be subject to confirmation by the High Court.</p> <p>a) I is true II is false b) II is true I is false c) Both I and II are true</p>	1										

	d) Both I and II are false	
19	Which of the following is a correct interpretation of the doctrine of severability? a) The SC can strike down the entire law under this doctrine while reviewing a law made by the parliament. b) The SC can strike down only the part of the law, which has not followed the constitutional provisions. c) The SC can strike down the law, which was previously rejected by the court. d) The SC cannot strike down any law under this doctrine.	1
20	When two persons are related by blood or adoption, but not wholly through males, they are called _____. a) Agnets b) Cognets c) Consanguinity d) Relation by uterine blood.	1
SECTION-B		
21	a) A 3 years old boy Akshat, while playing with his father's pistol, accidentally fires it which hit his one year old brother on the head and he died. (i) Would Akshat be liable for criminal act in this case? Give reasons for your answer. (ii) What is the relation between age and criminal liability? OR b) Radhika was served summon by the local court for making allegedly hate speech against a particular community. What do you understand by the Summons case?	2
22	Archit bought a 36 inch LED TV from a store located nearby his house. After a few days of use the product develops some problem and the volume control mode stops functioning properly. He complained to the shop as well as to the company, which has manufactured the product. But they have not given any positive response. In such a scenario, which act/law can help Archit and how?	2
23	a) Mr. and Mrs. Mehra are married for 10 years. For the last couple of years they are having some problems and they want to file for divorce under mutual consent. Elaborate the process that they have to follow in doing so. OR b) Elaborate any two grounds for which a marriage can be declared void under Muslim law.	2
24	a) Based on the rules of intestate succession in Hindu Law, who could be the class I and class II heirs of a Hindu male? OR b) What are the salient features of The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act?	2
25	Thomas Hobbes in his literary work, Leviathan, explained the origin of the state. Discuss the main characteristics of Hobbesian theory of the state of nature.	2
26	Elaborate the principles of natural justice recognized by English Law?	2
27	State the principles of interpretation used by the Supreme Court. What is the doctrine of colourable legislation?	2
28	Simran went to the police station to file an FIR in relation to her chain snatching. The officer-in-charge of the police station was not available. (i) Who is competent to file the FIR in absence of the officer-in-charge? (ii) What if the officer-in-charge was present but refused to file the FIR? What remedy is available to Simran?	2
SECTION-C		
29	Naznin is divorced by her husband through Triple Talaq. What provisions are there regarding the Triple Talaq in India? OR State the three grounds prescribed by the Hindu Marriage Act of 1955, for a marriage to be declared void?	3
30	Explain the concept of a welfare state and its role in the modern society.	3
31	a) "On March 24, 2015, the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of Shreya Singhal vs. Union of India	3

	<p>struck down Section 66A of the IT Act, 2000 and declared it unconstitutional for being violative of Article 19(1) (a) of the Constitution of India.” In context of this information discuss-</p> <p>(i) What was the matter raised in this case? (ii) What was the immediate cause of concern in these petitions? (iii) What is Article 66A of IT Act about?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>b) A major milestone in law reform during the British Raj was the establishment of the law commission. In the light of the given statement elaborate-</p> <p>(i) When was the first law commission established and who was the chairman of the first law commission? (ii) What was the major contribution of the law commission?</p>	
32	Compare between patriarchal and matriarchal theories of origin of the state.	3
33	What do you understand by hacking? Give an example of hacking as a cyber crime.	3
34	<p>a) Women associations and organizations have played critical role in the creation of family courts. In the 1980s, the women’s rights movement groups were vocal about legislative reforms, such as the creation of special courts to deal with family matters to curb violence against women including wife murder. These issues of gender justice were an important motivating factor for the creation of Family Courts.</p> <p>(i) Who was the pioneer of establishment of Family Courts in India? (ii) What were the major objectives of setting up Family Courts?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>b) The Supreme Court of India has made guidelines for sexual harassment of women at workplace.</p> <p>(i) Name the famous guideline. (ii) What were the major provisions of this guideline?</p>	3
35	What is anticipatory bail? Explain the different aspects of anticipatory bail.	3
36	<p>Mr. Taran Adarsh, an Indian citizen, is 62 years old. He has been a High Court judge for 5 years and wants to become a judge of the Supreme Court. According to the given facts find out-</p> <p>(i) What are the qualifications prescribed in the Indian Constitution to become a Supreme Court judge? (ii) Will Mr. Adarsh be eligible to become a Supreme Court judge?</p>	3
	SECTION: D	
37	<p>a) FIR is the information recorded by the police officer on duty, given either by the aggrieved person or any other person, about the commission of cognizable offence. Section 154 of the CrPC provides for the manner in which such information is to be recorded. Briefly describe some important facts about FIR.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>b) Sudhir is arrested in relation to a case of theft. The police asked him to submit the DNA sample, handwriting sample, his personal diary, he is forced to be a witness against himself.</p> <p>(i) Which among the above mentioned he cannot be asked to submit? (ii) Discuss in context the rights of the accused and arrested.</p>	5
38	<p>a) Elaborate the concept of Child Labour. Describe the Constitutional provisions mentioned in Indian Constitution pertaining to child labour. Explain the provisions of National policy on child labour, 1987.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>b) What are the provisions of Juvenile Justice Act, 2000? How is a 'child in need of protection and care' and 'a child in conflict with law' defined?</p>	5
39	Urvashi is in a permanent vegetative state for more than 20 years. She wanted withdrawal of life support or medical treatment with the intention to execute her death. Explain if Urvashi can do so. Is there any law for this in India? If yes, explain it.	5
40	Discuss in details the guardianship as classified in the Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956. Compare it with that of the Muslim law.	5